BROWN AND SEELYE PLLC Ellen Ann Brown Esq. Susan H. Seelye Esq. 744 South Fawcett Ave Tacoma, WA 98402 Telephone 253-573-1958 Facsimile 253-274-1200

1

2

3

4

5

HONORABLE MARY JO HESTON HEARING DATE: April 25, 2019 TIME: 1:00 pm

> Chapter 13 Tacoma, WA

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT COURT OF WASHINGTON

6 7 8	Re CYNTHIA ALICE CICHY ATHENA ANN ELROD Debtor(s)	In Chapter 13 Proceeding No. 19-40585-MJH RESPONSE TO OBJECTION TO CONFIRMATION	
10 11	COMES NOW the above-refere states:	nced debtor(s) through their attorneys of record and	
12	Debtors filed their schedules	in good faith and were unaware of the actual amount of	
13	student loans and which studen	t loans would be filed so truthfully answered that the	
14	amount was "unknown." Althou	gh the Debtors are over the limit of 109(e) the Debtors	
15	request that they be allowed to stay in the current Chapter 13 Plan.		
16	Pursuant to § 1307(c), "the court may convert a case under chapter [13] to a case		
17	under chapter 7 of this title, or may dismiss a case under chapter [13], whichever is		
18	in the best interests of creditors and the estate, for cause" 11 U.S.C. § 1307(c).		
19	When ruling on a motion to dismiss, the threshold issue is whether "cause" exists. If		
20	cause does not exist, then the n	notion must be denied. See In re Nelson, 343 B.R. 671,	
21	675 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2006). If ca	use does exist, then the court has discretion to either	
22	dismiss or convert the case, wh	ichever is in the best interests of creditors and the	
23	1,		
24			
25			

RESPONSE

Page 1

BROWN and SEELYE PLLC 744 South Fawcett Ave. Tacoma, WA 98402 253-573-1958

	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
1	0
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
1	7
1	8
1	9
2	0
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4

estate. Id. The express language of § 1307(c) does not require the Court to dismiss a case in which a debtor exceeds the § 109(e) unsecured debt limit. The Debtors exceed the unsecured debt limit solely as a result of educational debt. Dismissing the case would not advance the Congressional intent behind the debt limits, and doing so would only hinder the principal purpose of the Bankruptcy Code- to grant a "fresh start" to the "honest but unfortunate debtor." Marrama v. Citizens Bank of Mass, 549 us 365, 367 (2007).

By not dismissing the case advances the interest of the creditors and the estate. The alternative would be to bifurcate the case into two separate Chapter 13 cases as the educational loans were acquired prior to marriage and individually each debtor would be within the unsecured debt guidelines. However, this would lessen the pool to unsecured creditors as just the no look fee prior to confirmation alone on the second case is \$4000.00, as well as the time and fees incurred to bifurcase the current case. The payment between the two cases would still be the income minus expenses so would equal the same monthly amount to creditors but merely paid through two separate cases, and there will be a delay in confirmation due to the bifurcation process.

Should the court deny the case to go forward due to the debt limit under 109(e) it is requested that the Trustee's Objection be continued to the May 16, 2019 calendar in order for Debtors to either bifurcate the case or dismiss one or both debtors.

25 RESPONSE

1	
2	
3	It is requested that the Objection to Confirmation be Denied and requested that the
4	Plan be confirmed.
5	
6	Dated April 19, 2019
7	/s/ Ellen Ann Brown
9	ELLEN ANN BROWN WSB#27992 Attorneys for Debtor(s)
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	